

Grand Grand
Prix 200

OPERATION MANUAL

## **Preface**

Thank you for choosing the Royal Alloy **GP125S/GP200S/GT200** scooter. Royal Alloy products embody high technology with reliability and have been designed utilising RA Engineering Co., Ltd and its partners' many years of experience in manufacturing scooters for travel, commuting, leisure and sporting activities. This is why this model takes a leading position in the market sector.

This manual explains the use, operation, basic inspection and maintenance etc for your scooter. If you have any further questions about the operation and maintenance, please contact your dealer.

The scooter is designed to fully meet the exhaust emissions standards prevailing on the date of manufacture.

To keep the compliance to the exhaust emissions standards, please carry out the maintenance schedule and instructions in this manual in cooperation with your dealer.

The following important information will appear in this manual:



Refer to procedures that must be followed. Otherwise, your personal safety may be endangered.

## ⚠Notice:

Refer to procedures that must be followed to avoid damaging the scooter

## **△**Warning:

Refer to procedures that must be followed to avoid injury to you, or other persons or damage to the scooter.

#### Note

This manual should be regarded as part of the scooter and should be always with the scooter, even when it is resold.

#### Note

Our company is working hard towards improvement of product design and quality. This manual contains the latest product information at the time of print. However, it is possible that the manual may have slight differences with your scooter. If you have any question, please contact your dealer.

## **△**Warning

Read this manual carefully before riding the scooter.

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# **Precautions for Safe Riding**

Please obey all local traffic regulations and consider safety prior to riding. It is advised to control your speed and to stay within safe limits.

#### **Practice before Riding**

Before riding the scooter in traffic, it is recommended that you practice your riding at a spacious and traffic-free place so that you are skilled enough to ride safely and are familiar with the scooter's controls. Practice is essential for safety. Please observe any special training and or government test required before using your scooter on the public highways.

#### **Knowing Your Safety Speed Limit**

Safe speed limit varies in accordance with the road conditions, riding skill and the weather. Be aware of local and national speed limits.

#### **Be Careful on Rainy Days**

It is dangerous to ride on damp or wet roads. Therefore, high speed should be avoided and special care should be taken when turning. Bear this in mind, the braking distance on rainy days can be twice as much as on dry days.

#### **Correct Wearing of Safety Helmet**

Always wear a safety helmet whenever you ride, and make sure you fasten the strap securely whenever you wear the helmet.

## **Safety clothing Recommendation**

Bright-coloured and well-fitting garments are recommended. Fitted with EC protection.

Always wear gloves.

## **Indispensable Maintenance and inspection**

The following items are essential:

- ♦ Make safety checks before every journey.
- ♦ Half-yearly thorough inspection.
- ♦ One-year thorough serving.
- ♦ Those listed in Maintenance Schedule.

## **Caution of High Temperature**

The high temperature of the muffler may cause burns. Please park your scooter to prevent the accidental chance of persons coming into contact with the muffler.

#### No modifications allowable

Modification to the unit is prohibited as it may compromise safety of ridiing.

# **Names of Different Parts**

Read the following labels carefully before using the motorcycle.

1.Exhaust/Muffler	5.Acceleration grip &right switch
2.Rear light/Brake light	6.Head lamp
3.Rear rack	7.Front turning lamps
4.Seat	8.Front right shock absorber



	⚠Warning
Rear ra	ack has a maximum payload of 5 kgs

1. Rear brake lever	5. Rear shock absorber	9. Main stand
2. Rear-view mirrors	6. Rear indicator lamps	10. Side stand
3. Left grip switch	7. Rear disc brake	11.Front disc brake
4. Glove box	8. Air filter	12.Front left shock absorber



# The Serial Number

## **Engine number**

Engine number is stamped on the rear of the crankcase assembly.

Note

Quote your chassis number for convenience in purchasing correct spare parts from your dealer.

#### Chassis number

Chassis number is stamped on the frame right side frame rail.



Engine number

Chassis number

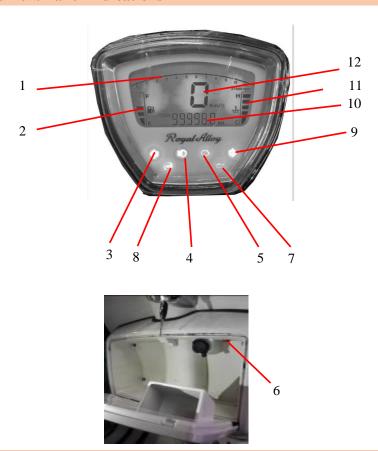
Please write down the serial numbers below for future reference.

Chassis Serial No.:

Engine Serial No.:

# **Functions of Controllers**

## **Instrument Panel Indications - A**



## 1 - Engine RPM Indicator

The indicator will show the engine RPM.

# 2 - Fuel gauge

This shows the fuel volume remaining in the fuel tank. When the pointer points to "F", the fuel tank is full. When the pointer moves to "E" or lower, it means

the fuel level is low and refilling is necessary.

#### 3/9 - LH Direction Indicator & RH Direction Indicator Lamps

When the left hand indicator is operated the LH Direction Indicator will flash.

When the right hand indicator is operated the RH Direction Indicator will flash.

#### 4 - High beam/ Low beam indicator

#### 5 - Engine fault indicator warning light/Mi indicator

If this warning light appears during running please consult your dealer.

#### 6 - "MODE" button functions (See below)

ODOMETER to TRIP METER

TRIP METER to ODOMETER to change between displays:

- With the ignition key turned to the on position.
- Press the "MODE" button then release "MODE" button.
- Clearing the trip counter history When the display is TRIP METER, press the "MODE" button and hold for 5 seconds then release when zero is displayed.

#### KM/H to MPH - MPH to KM/H change:

• When the display is ODOMETER, press the "MODE" button and hold for 5 seconds to change between MPH and KM/H.

#### 7 - Oil indicator

\*STOP ENGINE\* if this warning light appears during running check oil level if found to OK. Then please consult your dealer.

#### 8 - ABS indicator

If this warning light appears during running, please consult your dealer.

#### 10 - Odometer

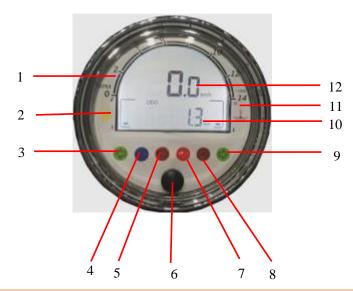
The odometer registers the total distance that the scooter has been ridden.

## 11 - Water temperature indicator

## 12 – Speedometer

The speedometer shows the speed at which you are riding in MPH or KM/H.

### **Instrument Panel Indications - B**



#### 1 - Engine RPM Indicator

The indicator will show the engine RPM.

## 2 - Fuel gauge

This shows the fuel volume remaining in the fuel tank. When the pointer points to "F", the fuel tank is full. When the pointer moves to "E" or lower, it means the fuel level is low and refilling is necessary.

#### 3/9 - LH Direction Indicator & RH Direction Indicator

When the turning switch lever is set to left, the LH Direction Indicator will flash. When the turning switch lever is set to right, the RH Direction Indicator will flash.

## 4 - High beam/ Low beam indicator

## 5 - Engine fault indicator warning light/Mi Indicator

if this warning light appears during running please consult your dealer

#### 6 - "MODE" button functions (See below).

#### ODOMETER to TRIP METER

TRIP METER to ODOMETER to change between displays:

- With The ignition key turned to the on position.
- Press the "MODE" button and hold for 3 seconds to switch between the desired displays then release "MODE" button.
- Clearing the trip counter history press the "MODE" button and hold for 5 seconds then release when zero is displayed.

#### KM/H to MPH - MPH to KM/H change:

 When the display is ODOMETER, press the "MODE" button for 5 seconds to change between MPH and KM/H.

#### 7 - Oil indicator

\*STOP ENGINE\* if this warning light appears during running check oil level if found to OK. Then please consult your dealer

#### 8 - ABS indicator

if this warning light appears during running please consult your dealer

#### 10 - Odometer

The odometer registers the total distance that the scooter has been ridden.

## 11 - Water temperature indicator

## 12 – Speedometer

The speedometer shows the speed at which you are riding in MPH or KM/H.

# **M**Warning

Before turning the ignition on for the first time, please ensure that the battery is fully charged and that the battery terminal connectors are secure.

## **Ignition Switch**

Rotate the key to turn power ON or OFF.

	The engine can be started.
ON	Possible to drive.
	It is not possible to remove the key.
	The engine cannot be started.
OFF	The engine is stopped.
	The key can be inserted or removed.
LOCK	The steering bars can be locked to one direction.
LOCK	The key can be inserted or removed.

When you leave the scooter, you may lock the steering handlebars to help prevent your scooter from being stolen.

- 1. Turn the handlebars to the left.
- 2. Insert the key (if it is not in the ignition) from OFF position. Press the key in and turn it anti-clockwise to LOCK position.
- 3. Pull out the key.

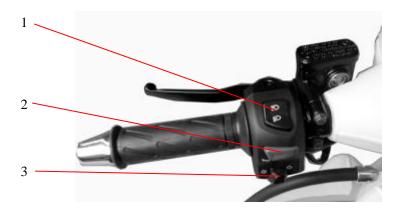
To unlocking the handlebars, insert the key from LOCK position, and turn it (without pressing) clockwise to OFF position.



#### Note

- ♦ Rotate the handlebars to ensure that they are unlocked.
- ♦ Tip, you may turn the handlebars slightly rightward and try again.

### **Switches on the Handlebars**



#### 1 - Beam Switch

This switch is used to change the headlamp beam. When you turn the switch to:

HIGH	The high beam is turned on.
LOW	The low beam is turned on.
	(Low beam is for normal Riding)

#### 2 - Horn Button

Press this button to sound the horn. The horn is used as a warning.

## 3 - Turning Indicator Switch

This switch is used to turn on/off the left/right indicators to show the other vehicles that you want to turn left or right. When you press the lever to:

Right	The right signal lamps flash.
Left	The left signal lamps flash.
Centre	Push in the switch at the centre position to cancel the turn-signal operation.

Please turn off the lamps when they are no longer necessary, otherwise you may cause problems to other road users.

#### 4 - Starter Button

This button is used to start the engine. Turn the ignition key to ON, squeeze the rear brake lever (6) and press the button (4).

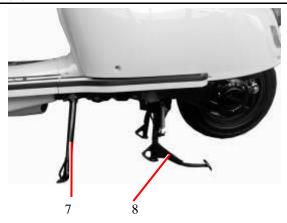


#### 5 - Throttle Grip

Throttle grip is used to control engine speed. Turn it towards (anticlockwise) you to increase engine speed; Turn it away from you to decrease the engine speed.

#### 6 - Brake Levers

By operating the brake levers, you can control the speed of the scooter to slow down or stop. The brake is applied by squeezing the brake lever gently towards the grip. The rear brake light will be illuminated when the lever is squeezed inward.



#### 7 - Side Stand

To use the side stand, depress the end of the stand until it rotates towards the front of the scooter and stops. Please note: If the side stand is not fully retracted the engine will not start.

#### 8 - Main Stand

To use the main stand, depress it by foot until the stand is touching the floor and lift the rear of the scooter backwards until the stand is securely in place with the rear wheel off the ground. Use the rear rack to assist in lifting the scooter upwards and backwards.

<u>Always</u> ensure that the scooter is on level ground or pointing uphill on hard standing before putting the scooter on the main stand.

<u>Never</u> put the scooter on the stand if the machine is pointing downhill or the floor is uneven or on soft or loose ground.

#### Please Note

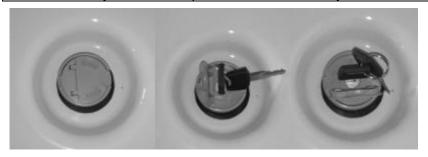
The main stand is designed to support the weight of the scooter only. It is not designed to support the weight of the scooter and a rider or passenger. This may damage the scooter and/or the main stand.

# **Fuel Tank Cap**

To access the fuel cap, open up the seat. To open the fuel cap, insert the ignition key into the cap and turn the fuel cap tab clockwise.

#### Please Note

Do not use the key to rotate the cap as this make cause the key to break



# Coolant tank cap



### The coolant tank cap is in the left of vehicle.

## **△**Warning

- ♦ Never open coolant tank cap when the scooter is hot.
- ♦ Hot coolant can cause burns and may cause injury.
- ♦ The coolant system is pressurized, opening the cap may cause coolant to be forced out of the filler and onto you.

#### Seat Lock



#### To open the seat as follows:

1. Carefully lift the rear of the front seat with your hands, the seat will lift open.

#### To close the seat as follows:

1. Carefully push down the rear of the seat, the seat is secured to the centre section ② by the sucker ①, the seat will be locked.

#### **Seat Lock**



#### To open and close the seat as follows:

- 1. The seat release button is located on the left hand side and to the rear of the seat, push the button in and the seat will open.
- 2. To close the seat gently lower the seat down onto the locking pin.

### Please Note

Please do not drop the seat to close it as this will damage the seat catch.

# Front Luggage Box



## **△**Caution

- ♦ Do not keep breakables in the luggage box.
- ♦ Do not keep valuable item in the luggage box.
- ♦ Do not place fuel and oil in the luggage box.
- ♦ Only store water proof items in luggage box.
- ♦ Never forget to lock the luggage box.
- ♦ Maximum payload is 5 Kgs in the luggage box.
- ♦ Maximum payload is 5 Kgs for the rear luggage rack.

# **Fuel and Oil Recommendations**

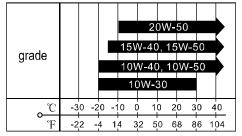
## **Fuel**

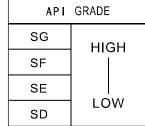
Use unleaded fuel with an octane number Unleaded Euro 95 or higher. Unleaded fuel can extend spark plug life and exhaust component life. We recommend using the highest octane pump fuel available.

Use of leaded fuel or lead additive will damage the catalytic convertor in the exhaust.

## **Engine Oil**

Use only high quality 4-stroke semi-synthetic engine oil; this will extend the longevity of the engine. Grade SE or SD engine oil in API method are recommended with a viscosity of SAE10W-40. If this oil is not available, please purchase appropriate substitutes according to the data listed below.





# **Transmission Oil**

Use good quality EP 80W-90 gear oil.

# **Running-in of New Scooter**

The first 500 miles are the most important in the life of your scooter. Proper running-in operation during this period will help ensure maximum life and performance from your new scooter. The parts are manufactured from high quality materials, and machined parts are finished to close tolerances. Correct running-in operation allows the machined surfaces to bed in and run smoothly. Freeing up of the internal parts is achieved after approximately 60 running hours, and during this running-in period the engine will loosen up and performance will improve.

#### **Maximum Throttle Operation Recommendation**

This table shows the maximum recommended throttle operation during the break-in period. Change below to miles

Initial 500 miles	Less than 1/2 throttle
Initial 1000 miles	Less than 3/4 throttle

## Vary the engine Speed

The engine speed should be varied and not held at a constant speed. This allows the parts to be "loaded" with pressure, and then unloaded, allowing the parts to cool. This aids the bedding together process of the parts. It is essential that some stress should be placed on the engine component during running-in. Keep the engine spinning but do not place excessive loads on the engine.

## **Avoiding Constant Low Speed**

It is not beneficial when running in the engine to operate it at a constant low speed. Allow the engine to accelerate freely within the recommended maximum limits. Do not, however, use full throttle for more than 10 minutes during the first 1000 miles.

#### Running-in of New Scooter

#### Allow the Engine Oil to Circulate before Riding

Allow sufficient idling time after warm or cold engine start up before applying load or revving up the engine. This allows time for the lubricating oil to reach all critical engine components. Failure to do so will shorten the life of your engine.

#### **Performing the First Service**

The first 500 Kms service is the most important service your scooter will receive. During running-in all of the engine components will have bedded together and all the other parts will have seated in. All adjustments will be restored, all fasteners will be tightened, and the old oil will be replaced.

Timely performance of the 500 Kms service will ensure optimum service life and performance from the engine.

### **△**Caution

The 500 Km service should be performed as the outlined in the inspection and maintenance section in this manual. Pay attention to the caution and warning in that section. Failure to have your Royal Alloy scooter serviced will void the warranty.

# **Inspection before Riding**

Before riding the scooter, be sure to check the following items. Never underestimate the importance of these checks. Perform all of them before riding the machine.

## **⚠**Warning

Ensure that the battery is fully charged and that the battery is secure and the battery terminals/connectors are secure. A battery with loose connections will damage electrical components including the ECU.

WHAT TO CHECK	CHECK FOR	
a.	1) Smoothness	
Steering	2) No restriction of movement	
	No play or excessive movement     Correct brake lever free play	
Brakes	<ol> <li>Correct brake lever free play</li> <li>No obstruction in braking.</li> </ol>	
	1) Correct pressure	
Tyres	2) Adequate tread depth	
	3) No cracks or cuts	
Fuel	Enough fuel for the planned distance of the journey	
Lighting	Operate all lights —headlamp, side lamp, tail lamp, brake lamp, turning indicator lamps	
Indicators	Oil level indicators (if fitted) and turning indicators	
Horn	Correct function	
Engine oil Lubricants	Check to ensure the correct level	
Throttle	<ol> <li>Correct play in the throttle cable</li> <li>Smooth operation and positive return of the throttle grip to the closed position when released</li> </ol>	

# **Inspection of Braking effect and free play**

Hold the brake levers until feeling resistance, measure the moved distances at the lever ends. The distances should be  $10\sim20$ mm.

# **Inspection of the Tyres**

### 1. Tyre Pressures

Observe the wear condition of the tyre and check the tyre pressure. If the tyre pressure is abnormal, check it with a tyre pressure gauge and adjust it to the correct value.

Recommended tyre pressure. (Cold)

Front Wheel	32psi
Rear Wheel	34psi

2. Crack, Damage, Foreign Object and Abnormal Wear

#### Check the surface of the tyre:

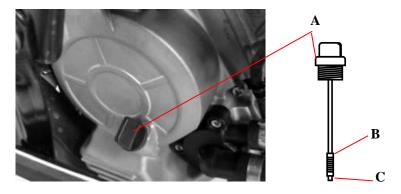
- ♦ Is there any obvious damage?
- Are there any nails, stones, glass etc. in the tyre or in the tread?
- ♦ Is there any abnormal wear?

## **Inspecting the Quantity of Fuel**

Make sure that the fuel is sufficient to reach your destination. Turn the ignition switch to ON position, if the fuel gauge hands points to the red region, the fuel should be refilled as soon as possible.

# **Inspecting the Quantity of Engine Oil**

Caution! Always ensure the oil level is kept at the upper level mark "B" on the engine oil dipstick. Never allow the oil level to exceed the upper mark or fall below the lower mark "C" or this will cause severe engine damage. It is the rider's responsibility to ensure that the engine has enough oil.



- 1. Keep the vehicle in an upright and level position on the main stand to allow the oil to circulate.
- 2. Start the engine, let it idle for a few minutes and then switch it off.
- 3. Wait for five minutes to let the oil to return to the crankcase and settle.
- 4. Loosen the refilling oil cap/dipstick and remove.
- 5. Clean the dipstick of oil residues, insert the oil filler cap <u>but don't</u> <u>screw it in</u>, otherwise there will be a wrong measurement, which may lead to engine damage. Remove again and check for the correct oil level it must be between the reference marks "B" and "C".
- 6. If necessary, refill to the "B" level, taking into account that it should not exceed the "B" mark.
- 7. Refit the dipstick securely.

# **Inspecting the Transmission Oil Level**



- 1. Start the engine, let it idle for a few minutes to allow the oil to circulate and then switch it off. Wait for 5 minutes before checking the oil level.
- 2. Prop up the scooter on the main stand.
- 3. Remove the oil filler screw (1) and check that the oil level is just below the oil-filler opening.
- 4. If required, replenish transmission oil Hypoid EP 80W 90 via the oil-filler opening.
- 5. When changing transmission oil, open the drain plug (2) until all transmission oil flows out then tighten the plug (2) and add new oil via the oil-filler opening.
- 6. Tighten the oil filler screw (1).

# **Inspection of the Ignition Unit and the Lights**

Start the engine, and check if the headlight and the rear lights are on. Operate the front and rear brake separately, and check if the brake light is activated.

Operate turning indicator switch, and check if the turn signal indicator lights are working normally. **Inspecting the Rear View Mirrors** 

Check to see if objects to the rear and both sides can be seen clearly from the rear view mirrors when seated in the rider's normal position.

Check if the rear mirror is clean and free from damaged check tightness on the handlebar mounting.

## **Inspecting the Reflectors and the License Plate**

Check that the license plate and the reflectors are not dirty or damaged.

Check that the license plate is fixed securely and that the registration number is clearly visible.

# **Riding Tips**

# **Start the Engine**

#### **△**Caution

Before starting, you must

- 1. Check the quantity of fuel and engine oil.
- 2. Place the scooter onto the main stand.
- 3. Ensure that the machine is on flat, hard ground.
- 4. Apply brakes.

#### Insert the ignition key into the ignition switch and turn it to ON position

When the engine is cold:

- 1. Squeeze the rear or front brake lever and hold the throttle 1/8-1/4 turn open.
- 2. Push the starter button until the engine fires.
- 3. Hold the throttle at 1/8-1/4 open for 30 seconds to help the engine warm and to prevent the engine from stalling.

When the engine is warm:

- 4. Squeeze the rear or front brake lever.
- 5. Open the throttle  $1/8 \sim 1/4$ .
- 6. Push the starter button until the engine fires.

## **△**Caution

Release the starter button soon after the engine is started. Otherwise damage may result to the starter motor and gear wheels.

If the engine remains un-started after several attempts, turn the throttle grip by  $1/8\sim1/4$  and try again. The grip should be released soon after the engine is started.

## **Setting off**

- a) Take the scooter off the main stand.
- b) Mount the scooter.

While holding the handlebars with both hands, remove the scooter from the main stand. With both brakes applied mount the scooter from left side and sit on the seat. Support yourself with your left foot.

#### **^**Caution

No turning of the throttle grip is advised before you are ready to set off.

#### c) Look around to see ensure that it is safe to set off.

Activate your appropriate turning indicator. Look around to judge the conditions are safe to set off. Keeping the rear brake lever squeezed lever until you are ready to set off.

#### Caution

Special attention should be paid to the traffic approaching you from behind.

#### d) Setting off

Release the rear brake lever and gradually rotate the throttle to let the scooter build up speed.

## **△**Caution

Excessive rotation of the grip can lead to the danger of sudden acceleration

## e) Adjust Speed

The speed of your scooter can be adjusted by turning the throttle grip. Rotate the grip towards you to speed up (anti clockwise). Gradual rotation is recommended. Rotate it back clockwise it to slow down.

## f) Applying the brakes and stopping

Combined application of both brakes is always recommended.

Quickly release the throttle grip or rotate backwards (clockwise) to the minimum position and squeeze the brake levers simultaneously.

It is advisable to reduce the speed by gradual application of the brakes.

Take extra care when riding on damp or wet roads

#### **△**Caution

Single braking of the front or rear wheel may cause the danger of a skid

Harsh braking or sharp turning are one of the major causes for loss of traction or crashes, and should therefore be avoided.

#### Special care should be taken in rainy and wintery conditions.

Damp or wet road surfaces may reduce the level of grip. Sharp turning during acceleration should be avoided. An appropriate distance should be kept from the vehicles ahead. Please be mindful that the braking distance on rainy days can be twice the distance as those on a dry day.

Skidding may occur on wet or frozen roads, therefore concentrate and be ready to apply the brakes cautiously at any time.

#### Check the brakes after washing the scooter or riding through water.

After washing the scooter or riding through standing water, the braking effect may be reduced. If this occurs, slow riding and gentle braking should be observed to allow time for the brakes to restore to their normal function.

## **△**Caution

To prevent your scooter from falling off the main stand never park your scooter facing downhill or on a loose or soft surface.

Always park the scooter on a hard flat surface or facing uphill.

#### Lock the handle bar

When you park the scooter, lock the handle bar to help protect your scooter from theft.

# **Inspection and Maintenance**

The maintenance schedule indicates the intervals between periodic services in KMs and months. At the end of each interval, be sure to inspect, check, lubricate and service as instructed. If your scooter is used under heavy load conditions such as continuous full throttle operation or is operated in a dusty climate, certain services should be performed more often to ensure reliability of the machine as explained in the maintenance section. The dealer can provide you with further guidelines. Steering components, suspension and wheel components are key items and require very special and careful servicing. For maximum safety we suggest that you have these items inspected and serviced by your dealer or a qualified service mechanic.

#### The First Service

The maintenance after first 500 KMs is the most important. During running in, all engine parts will have been matched to each other, bedding in will have occurred with other parts. All parts should be re-adjusted; all fasteners re-tightened and contaminated engine oil and filters replaced.

To ensure the engine a long service life and optimum performance, carry out the 500 KMs maintenance as soon as it is due.

# **A**Caution

We suggest you use genuine replacement parts We recommend that those items on the maintenance schedule marked with an asterisk (\*), be performed by the authorised dealer. You may perform the unmarked items easily by referring to the instructions in this section.

Failure to have your Royal Alloy scooter serviced in accordance with the manufactures stipulations will void your warranty.

# **Maintenance Schedule**

The table below indicates the most important aspects, which should be carried out per service.

Note: I=Inspect, clean, adjust, lubricate or replace if necessary

C=Clean R=Repl	ace	T	=Tigl	nten							
		500 KMs or 6 Months	3000 KMs or 12 Months	6000 KMs or 18 Months	9000 KMs or 24 Months	12000 KMs or 30 Months	15000 KMs or 36 Months	18000 KMs or 42 Months	21000 KMs or 48 Months	24000 KMs or 54 Months	30000 KMs or 60 Months
All fasteners		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	Ι
Plastic sliders in variator cover		Ι	Ι	R	Ι	R	Ι	R	Ι	R	Ι
Spark plug		I	Ι	R	I	R	Ι	R	I	R	Ι
Drive belt		I	Ι	R	I	R	I	R	I	R	Ι
Lubrication of cables		I	Ι	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I
Air filter		C	C	R	C	R	C	R	C	R	C
Transmission cover air duct filter		I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I
Engine oil filter/strainer		C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Valve clearance		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	Ι
Braking systems		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	I
Electrical system and battery		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	Ι
Brake fluid		I	Ι	I	R	I	I	I	R	Ι	Ι
Coolant		I	Ι	Ι	R	Ι	I	I	R	Ι	Ι
Transmission oil		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Engine oil		R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Engine oil pump		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	I
Variator rollers		I	Ι	R	I	R	I	R	I	R	I
Radiator		I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C	I/C
Wheels/tyres		I	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	Ι	I	I	Ι	Ι
Suspension		I	Ι	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	I
Steering/handlebars		I	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	I
Fuel hoses		I	I	I	R	I	I	I	R	I	I

# **Bolts and nuts on frame body**

Tighten the bolts and nuts to specified torque after initial 500 KMs and every 3000 KMs (6 Months).

# Specified torque settings

No.	Item	Nm	Kg/m	Ft-lbs
1	Front axle nut	53	5.3	40
2	Handlebar mounting bolt	49	4.9	36
3	Steering stem lock nut	30	3.0	22
4	Handlebar locating bolt	25	2.5	18
5	Front fork mounting bolt	45	4.5	33
6	Master cylinder mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.5
7	Brake hose union bolt	23	2.3	17
8	Brake calipers mounting bolt	26	2.6	19
9	Bleeding valve	7.5	0.75	5.5
10	Front panel bolt	23	2.3	17
11	Rear axle nut	120	12.0	88
12	Rear shock bolt	29	2.9	21
13	Rear brake lever nut	11	1.1	8
14	Engine bracket mounting bolt/nut	98	9.8	72
15	Engine mounting bolt/nut	80	8.0	59

# **Battery**

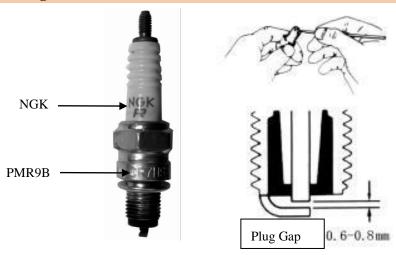


The battery is located inside the removable cover on the body centre cover beneath the front of the seat. This battery is the sealed type and requires no maintenance such as fluid level and gravity.

## **△**Caution

If the machine is not being used for 2 weeks or longer – ensure the battery is kept fully charged by connecting the battery to a trickle charger.

## **Spark Plug**



Use a small brass brush or cleaner to remove the carbon deposits at the first 500 KMs or every 3000 KMs. Re-adjust the spark plug gap with a spark plug gap thickness gauge to keep it 0.6~0.8mm. After every 6000 KMs, the spark plug should be replaced.

Whenever removing the carbon deposits, be sure to observe the colour of the spark plug porcelain tip. The colour of the tip can tell you whether or not the standard spark plug is suitable for your type of usage - this is assuming that everything else is running correctly. If the standard spark plug is very black, usage may be due to very short trips where the engine does not reach full operating temperature, you are better using a hotter heat range of spark plug. A normal operating spark plug should be light brown or tan in colour. If the colour is white, it then it may be due to overheating or a lean fuel mixture condition and should be checked as soon as possible by an authorised dealer.

#### **△**Caution

Don't over tighten the spark plug or cross thread it. In order not to damage the cylinder head, do not allow the contamination to enter the engine through spark plug hole.

The standard spark plug for this scooter has been carefully selected to meet the vast majority of all operation ranges. If the spark plug colour indicates that other than standard spark plug should be used, it is best to consult the dealer before selecting an alternate plug or heat range. The selection of an improper spark plug can lead to severe engine damage.

#### **Fuel Hose**

Replace the fuel hoses every two years.

#### **Air Filter**

The air filter element used in this scooter is a polyurethane foam element. If the filter element has become clogged with dust, intake resistance will increase with a resultant decrease in power output and increase in fuel consumption due to the richer mixture. Check and clean the air filter element according to the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the screws.
- 2. Remove the two fixing slippers by sliding them rearward.
- 3. Remove the air filter cover.
- 4. Remove the filter element.
- 5. Clean filter element by blowing it through with compressed air.

Clean every 1000 KMs and replace every 6000 KMs

## **△**Caution

- 1. Before and during the cleaning operation, carefully examine the air filter element for any tears in the material. A torn filter element must be replaced with a new one.
- 2.If driving under dusty conditions, the filter element must be cleaned more frequently.
- 3. NEVER OPERATE ENGINE WITHOUT THE FILTER ELEMENT.
- 4. Always be sure that the filter element is in excellent operational condition at all times. The life of the engine depends largely on this very important individual component.

#### Inspection and Maintenance

## **Throttle Cable Adjustment**

Loosen the lock nut.

- Adjust the cable slack by turning adjuster in or out to obtain the correct amount of free play 0.5~1.0mm.
- After adjusting the free play, re-tighten the lock nut.

## **Hydraulic Brake Fluid**

For front and rear disk brake model

Grade: DOT4.1

**Note**: Only DOT4.1 glycol-based hydraulic brake fluid is suitable in this vehicle.

**Do not** mix it with silicon-based or mineral fluid - Otherwise the hydraulic brake system will be damaged and the performance of the braking system seriously reduced.

Don't use residual fluid from an opened container from previous maintenance, brake fluid is hygroscopic, it can absorb moisture from the atmosphere.

## **△**Caution

Do not over fill the master cylinder reservoirs or spill brake fluid onto any painted surfaces.

Brake fluid will damage your paint work.

## **Tyres**

Before every ride check the tyre inflation pressure and tyre tread condition. For maximum safety and optimum tyre life, the tyre pressures should be inspected on a regular basis particularly before long journeys or with passengers.

## **Tyre Pressure**

Insufficient air pressure in the tyres not only increases tyre wear but also seriously affects the stability of the scooter. Under inflated tyres make smooth cornering difficult and over inflated tyres decrease the amount of tyre in contact with the ground, which can lead to skids and loss of control. Be sure

that the tyre pressure is within the specified limits at all times. Tyre pressure should only be adjusted when the tyres are cold.

## **Cold inflation tyre pressure**

Front Wheel	32psi
Rear Wheel	34psi

## **△**Caution

Tyre inflation pressures and the general tyre conditions are extremely important to the proper performance and safety of the scooter. Check your tyres frequently for both wear and correct inflation pressures.

## **Tyre Tread Condition**



Operating the scooter with excessively worn tyres will decrease riding stability and may lead to loss of control. It is recommended that a tyre be replaced when the remaining depth of tyre tread becomes 1.6mm or less.

## **△**Caution

The standard tyres on your scooter are 110/70/12 front and 120/70/12 rear. The use of a larger tyre other than standard may result in clearance issues and may void your warranty.

#### **Fuses**

The fuses are located next to the battery. If there is any electrical system failure, first check the fuse. In case the fuse is blown, there is a 10A spare fuse supplied in the fuse holder.

#### Inspection and Maintenance

## **△**Caution

Always be sure to replace the blown fuse with the correct amperage fuse. Never use a substitute, for example aluminium foil or wire, to replace a blown fuse. If the spare fuse installed blows in a short period of time, it means that you could have a major electrical problem. You should consult the dealer or a qualified service mechanic immediately.

## **Troubleshooting**

If the engine refuses to start, perform the following inspections to determine the cause.

- Check the side stand has been fully retracted
- Check that the battery has sufficient power to start the engine
- Is there enough fuel in the fuel tank?

## **△**Caution

It is best to consult the dealer before attempting to troubleshoot any problem. If the machine is still within the warranty, then the dealer should definitely be consulted before you attempt any repairs on the machine. Tampering with the machine by you while in warranty may affect warranty consideration and void your warranty.

## **Storage Procedures**

If the motorcycle is to be left unused for extended period of time for winter storage or any other reason, the machine needs special servicing requiring appropriate materials, equipment and skill, For this reason, we recommend that you trust this maintenance work to the dealer. If you need to service the machine for storage yourself, follow the general guidelines below:

#### Scooter

Place the motorcycle on its main stand and thoroughly clean the entire scooter.

#### **Fuel**

Drain the fuel tank and run the engine for a few minutes until the remaining fuel has been consumed.

#### **Battery**

Remove the battery from the scooter.

Clean the outside of the battery with mild detergent and remove any corrosion from the terminals and wiring harness connections.

Store the battery in a room above freezing and connect a suitable battery trickle charger/ conditioner.

## **Tyres**

Inflate the tyres to the normal specifications. See page 37

#### External

Spray all vinyl and rubber parts (Not Tyres) with rubber preservative.

Spray the unpainted surfaces with a rust preventative spray such as WD40, GT85 or ACF-50 etc. (Not Brake Discs Or Calipers)

Protect the painted surfaces with a good quality car wax.

## **Procedure for Returning to Service**

Clean the entire scooter.

Re-fuel with normal unleaded fuel

Re-install the fully charged battery.

Adjust the pressure of tyres as described in the TYRE section. Page 37

Lubricate all places as instructed in this manual.

Do the INSPECTION BEFORE RIDING as listed in this manual before starting or riding this machine.

# **Specifications**

Model	GP200S/GT200	GP125S
Overall size (mm)	1845×670×1115	1845×670×1115
Wheel base (mm)	1390	1390
Net weight (Kg)	148	148
Max loading weight(kg)	298	298
Fuel tank capability (L)	10.5	10.5
Engine model	1P63ML-4	1P58MI-3
Engine idle speed	1800 ±100 rpm	1600 ±100 rpm
Engine type	1 cylinder, horizontal,	1 cylinder, horizontal,
	Twin cam, 4 Valve,	Twin cam, 4 Valve,
	Liquid cooling	Liquid cooling
Bore × stroke (mm)	63×58	58×47
Total displacement (ml)	181	124.2
Compression ration	11.6:1	12.0:1
Max net power, rate	12.6/8250	9.67/9750
(kW/r/min)	15.3/7500	10.2/7500
Max net torque, rate	376	376
(Nm/r/min)		
Start mode	Electric	Electric
Engine oil(950ml)	SAE 10W/40 Semi	SAE 10W/40 Semi
Lubrication type	Pressure/splash	Pressure/splash
Transmission oil 170ml	75W-80	75W-80
Fuel type	Octane rating of 94 or higher	Octane rating of 94 or higher
(Unleaded Only)		
Tyre type		
Front tyre size	110/70-12	110/70-12
Rear tyre size	120/70-12	120/70-12
Inflation:		
Front	32 PSI	32 PSI
Rear	34 PSI	34 PSI
Front brake	Disc brake	Disc brake
Rear brake	Disc brake NGK PMR9B	Disc brake NGK PMR9B
Spark plug Head lamp	12V 35/35W or LED	12V 35/35W or LED
Turning lamp	12V 35/35W OF LED	12V 35/35W OF LED
Tail lamp/ Brake lamp	12V LED	12V LED
Instrument indicator	12V LLD	12V LLD
Battery capacity	12V 9W	12V 9Ah
Fuse	10A	10A
Horn	12V 1.5A, 90-100dB(A)	12V 1.5A, 90-100dB(A)
Max noise	≤7m ≤82dB(A)	≤7m ≤82dB(A)
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## Warranty

## **Warranty Terms and Conditions**

All Royal Alloy scooters are supplied with a 2 year / 30,000 KMs warranty from the date of registration. Normal wear and tear plus parts required for servicing are excluded.

All service and repair work must use genuine Royal Alloy parts.

It is the end user's responsibility to ensure that the servicing and maintenance schedule is complied with – it may be a matter of importance to book your machine into your dealer for a service well in advance in order to guarantee an appropriate 'slot' for the work to be completed.

The Dealer has a responsibility to record work done to your machine via the Royal Alloy UK online service portal. Your dealer should issue a completed Pre-Delivery Inspection sheet at the time of handing your machine over. Your servicing dealer can also issue you with a copy of the work recorded on the Royal Alloy UK Service Portal – this is your copy of your service history.

The servicing schedule for Royal Alloy scooters is the first service at 500kms or 6 months and then every 3000kms or 6 months whichever comes first.

## None Warranty – Excluded Items (except manufacturing Error)

Spark Plug, Fuel Strainers, Oil Filters, Drive Chains, Air Cleaner Elements, Brake Pads, Clutch Disc/Centrifugal Clutch, Light Bulbs, Fuses, Gaskets, Tyres, Grommets, Rubber Hoses, Rubber Cushions, Step Rubber and Drive Belts, Breakdown Recovery, Accidental or Negligent Damage, Oil, Petrol. Corrosion and / or cosmetic deterioration of all components also excluded.

## **Six Month Limited Warranty Items**

Batteries, Side Stand, Main Stand, Seat, Wheel Rim (Distortion), Painted/plated Parts (including Exhaust), Stickers and Emblems.

### **Twelve Month Limited Warranty Items**

Exhaust System Structural failure only (Paint/Rust NOT Included) LED's.

ALL OTHER COMPONENTS AND ASSEMBLIES are covered for the full duration against faulty materials or workmanship, this does not include normal wear and tear, misuse, negligence, accidental damage. If a part or assembly has exceeded its normal lifespan and has simply 'worn out' then this is deemed as a part requiring replacement during normal servicing.

### **Dealer Responsibility**

In order to maintain your Royal Alloy warranty, the supplying dealer must:

- 1.1: Register the bike for warranty on the dealer portal system Moto4parts.
- 1.2: Use genuine Royal Alloy parts for maintaining the vehicle.
- 1.3: Enter the service details carried out, along with observations of the vehicle on the dealer portal system Moto4parts.

Failure to adhere to these conditions may make the servicing dealer responsible for any subsequent warranty claims for the remaining period of the warranty term.

2. Servicing, in order to make a warranty claim, the vehicle must be maintained according to the prescribed maintenance intervals and only genuine Royal Alloy parts may be used. The owner is expected to ensure the execution of the necessary work, and is responsible for the cost of the work and the parts being replaced during periodic maintenance. It is also the owner's responsibility to ensure routine maintenance is carried out in accordance with the maintenance schedule. Failure to service the vehicle at the specified intervals will invalidate the warranty.

- 3. The warranty is limited to the free replacement or repair of any defective part. This replacement or repair under warranty can only be done with the express permission of Royal Alloy UK.
- 4. The liability of the manufacturer or importer is limited solely to the warranty as defined in article 3 The buyer can in no way claim or apply for compensation for material or physical damage, consumables or loss of income, transport or accommodation, or vehicle recovery.
- 5. The warranty is void if: a) The product was not used or maintained according to prescribed maintenance intervals specified in the instructions for the related vehicle. b) The product was repaired or serviced outside the authorised dealer network, or using none original parts. c) Other fuels, lubricants or cleaning products were used than those which were recommended by the manufacturer. d) The product has been rented out or used for commercial purposes. e) A conversion or modification was carried out on the product or if the vehicle has been involved in an accident. f) The product was used for sporting events on closed circuit, off-road, free style, or for purposes for which it was not designed. g) Any alterations to the specification of your machine or the fitting of none standard parts.

- 6. Normal wear and damage caused by the use of the vehicle and not due to a material or manufacturing fault, are not covered by the warranty: replacement of tyres and tubes, lighting, spark plugs, fuses, rubber parts, brake pads and clutch linings, brake cables, clutch cables, speedometer cables, oil seals, brake discs or drive belts, filters, fluids such as engine oil, coolant, are expressly excluded from warranty coverage. Corrosion or deterioration of all components is also excluded.
- 7. On plastic parts and body panels they will be guaranteed only if their workmanship or manufacturing defects are detected prior to handover of the new vehicle to the customer.
- 8. Warranty on batteries is limited to 6 months.
- 9. Royal Alloy UK reserves the right to make the final decision on any Warranty Claim.
- 10. Royal Alloy UK reserves the right that the images and colours shown are for illustrative purposes Only. Details, prices and specifications are subject to change without prior notice. E & OE.

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# **Operation Manual**



RA Engineering Co.,